

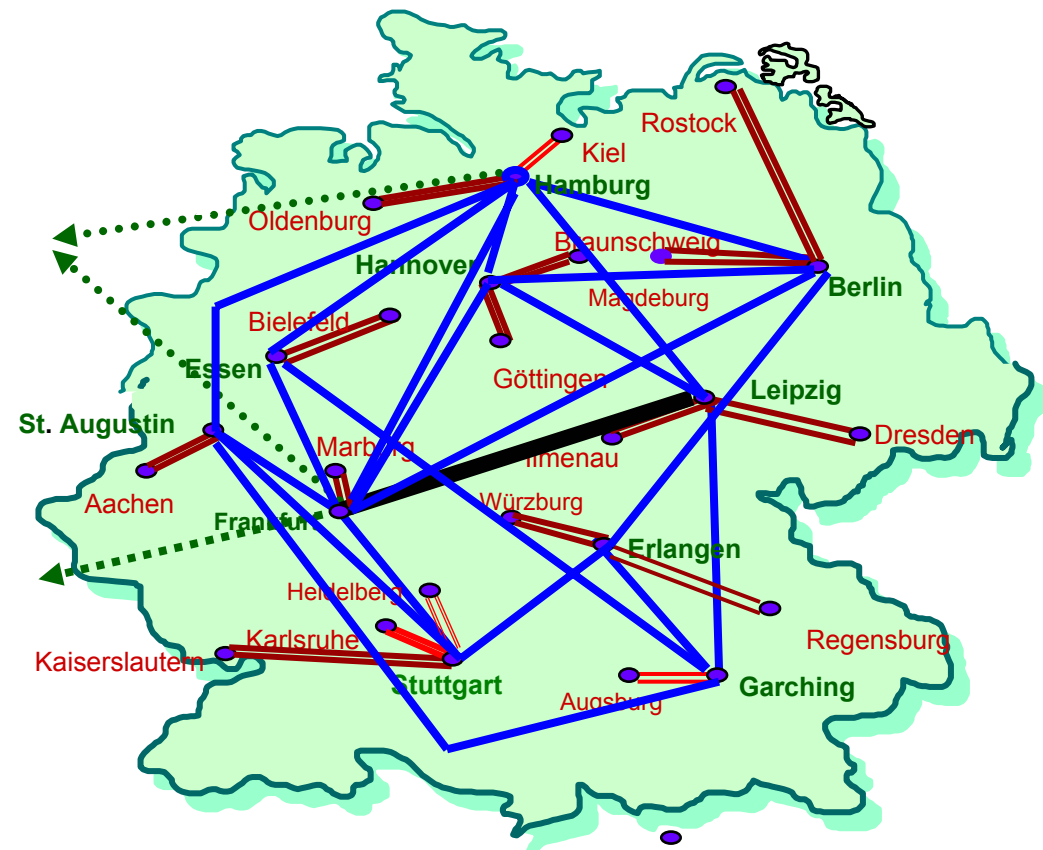
Perspectives of Grids and e-Science in Germany

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A German Grid Initiative

- ◆ Kickoff workshop in February 2003 (Wissenschaftszentrum Bonn)
- ◆ Initially driven by the research centers of the Helmholtz association and the DFN-Verein
- ◆ Open to all interested partners, in academia and industry
- ◆ Strategic program paper will be written until summer



10 Gbit/s
2,4 Gbit/s
1 Gbit/s
622 Mbit/s

Strategic Considerations

- ◆ Development of a common Grid infrastructure to integrate resources for **science and industry**
 - Standardization of interfaces and components
 - Implementation of backbone network with non-trivial QoS
- ◆ Deployment of a network of competence and coordination centers for Grid computing
 - Deployment of Middleware and Dissemination via Grid User Support Centres
- ◆ Implementation of generic and prototyping Grid applications
 - E-Science applications
 - E-Business models
 - Development of programming models, tools and application specific middleware for dynamic, scalable, autonomous and secure Grid applications
- ◆ Development of problem solving environments for e-Science
 - Applicable in Science, Economy, Culture and Education
 - Knowledge based systems
 - Besides technical and scientific knowledge: Integration of economic knowledge
 - Work with unreliable sources and missing values

Building Grids: Technical Challenges

- ◆ **Building a Grid among friends**
 - All sites deploying similar hardware
 - Long history of collaboration among principals
 - System design not expected to scale to millions of participants
- ◆ **Running a general public production Grid for eInfrastructure**
 - System must be bullet-proof, useful, usable
 - **Heterogeneity** in community and hardware, design *must* scale
 - **Heterogeneity** in programming models (real-time, on-demand, adaptive, etc.)
 - Provide programming environments and tools
 - *How do we debug a Grid program?*

Building an international eInfrastructure

◆ Logistical Challenges

- Software maintenance
- Accounting and billing over multiple administrative domains
- Resource co-allocation over multiple sites

◆ Legal Challenges

- Deal with varying institutional policies, open source policies, licensing policies, etc.

◆ Ideological Challenges

- Organizational framework to promote development of stable, persistent infrastructure
- Commercial vs. academic community - should someone make a profit?
- Shared/private, free/charged for, centralized/distributed

Building an international eInfrastructure

◆ Political Challenges

- Integration of different cultures wrt administration of resources, operations, SW development and deployment
- Global management of resources in a secure and dependable way
- Decision making and **enforcing**
- Mechanisms to select and support applications (equity)
- Ensure stable, persistent, long-term, adequate funding