

## Track 2 – summary Legal interoperability and open access

e-IRG workshop Dublin, 23 May 2013

Fotis Karagiannis, e-IRGSP3



### **Participants**



- Chair: Paul Uhlir
- Presenters: Andrew Cormack, Pawel Kamocki, Ville Oksanen
- Contributors: Nils Dietrich (OpenAIRE), Catherine Doldrina (GEO), Kostas Glinos (EC), Stefan Janusz (e-ScienceTalk), Leif Laaksonen (iCORDI-RDA-EU), Damien Lecarpentier (EUDAT), Roar Skålin (Norway Research Council), Peter Wittenburg...
- At least 5 lawyers!

### Background – Related activities



- Group on Earth Observations (GEO) Data Sharing Working Group, Legal Interoperability Sub-group
  - Although GEO-related, can be generalized; open access focus
  - Summary White Paper distributed in paper: Legal options for the exchange of data through the GEOSS DATA-CORE
- CODATA group Has a Data Policy committee and many task groups
  - Bottom up research data policy and practice NGO
- RDA-CODATA Interest Group Legal interoperability of data
  - Bottom up also; Broader than the others; Research
    perspective; Focus: Copyright protection; Private and Public
    law; Case studies; Bibliography; Output in the next 18 months:
    White Paper on principles, best practices; Work on top of GEO

#### Related activities – views (II)

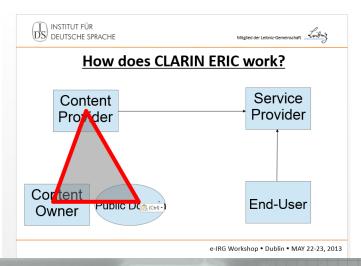


- Current activities more on landscaping/classification/ narrowing down current licenses/laws/solutions
  - What are the barriers to data interoperability?
  - Different approaches solutions at different levels
    - Inter-gov (e.g. EU), gov, institute, individual research level
- Also new solutions are needed?
  - OpenAIRE example: difficulty implementing open access in commercial content databases (pub.med.uk);
  - Solution may be to permit research use (exemption); this can be expanded for scientific databases?
    - But still limited applicability (as starting from a limited law)
- Need to move towards solutions; more active and less passive approaches: work towards change instruments!

## Legal issues in CLARIN ERIC Pawel Kamocki, Ville Oksanen



- Data lifecycle actors:
  - Content owner, Content provider, Service provider, End user
- "Vicious triangle": Content owner, content provider, public domain
  - language corpus needs content, which is copyright, or public domain, or something in between (old datasets)
  - Laundry symbols for flagging: public, academic, restricted

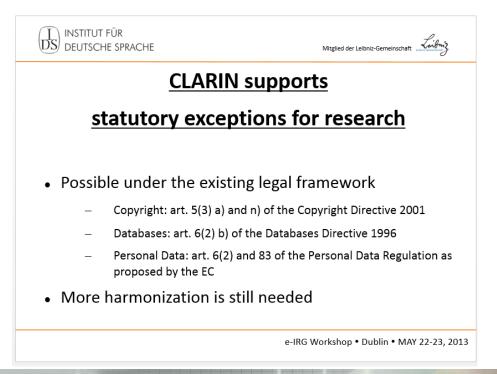




## Legal issues in CLARIN ERIC Pawel Kamocki, Ville Oksanen (2)



- CLARIN supports statutory exceptions for research
  - Possibly under the existing legal framework
  - More harmonization of law at EU level is still needed
  - Decision point in the EP this summer!



# Andrew Cormack, JANET: Commercial use of e-Infrastructures Legal Implications



- Topics: Data Protection, State Aid, Procurement,
   Network Regulation, Access Policies, Software Licenses
- Main findings:
  - Access policies and software licenses barriers for commercial use
    - Need to plan (and budget) to extend these
  - Data protection law (i.e. personal data protection) struggles with e-Infrastructure model (what is a data controller, what a data processor)
    - Commercial use unlikely to make this worse or better
  - Some laws permit the use for new commercial R&D (up to 50%)
    - But process/formalities unclear

# **Discussion**Way forward - Ideas



- Standard set of licenses and/or recommendations for licenses that researchers can adopt
- Clarify how definitions apply to e-Infrastructures

   (e.g. on personal data: data controller/processor roles)
- Support statutory exceptions for research use
  - Decision vote on related personal data regulation to be fixed at EU bodies next month!
    - EU Regulation= homogenization among EU countriesdifferences should disappear; still interpretation may differ
  - Lesson learned: when lobbying important to have allies with economic interests (consortium beyond research groups)

# **Discussion**Way forward – Ideas (2)



- Clarify applicability of copyrights for research data (a lot of confusion)
  - researchers want to do their work; do not care about legal issues
  - Have clear guidelines about this!
- Liability of service providers: Service provider not responsible as long as they are not aware for infringing content;
  - if notified, then responsible; should remove content; not appear again
- Cookbook for content owner vs. provider debate (about data ownership)
  - As different solutions appropriate for different conditions

### Way forward – key messages



- Researcher (PI) should maintain copyright (also on legacy subscription publication model)
  - (Currently: open access → copyright with author, while subscription model → copyright handed to publisher)
- But couple this with default licensing options
  - (As each researcher maintaining copyright might use different license → legal interoperability chaos! Anyhow researchers like defaults!)
- All research funders get together and adopt a common access policy to data!
  - Potential implication: Obligation to preserve data for a long time! → Funding implication! Who pays??

### Way forward – other messages



- General purpose vs. thematic data centres?
  - It depends! Both! In fact in many cases very complicated!
     (Cosmology example)
- Education for researchers re. licensing
- Conference on legal issues with key stakeholders
  - could be more mature in a couple of year
    - NSF / EU (iCORDI=RDA Europe) can prepare this
    - IDS-Manheim conference on eHumanities legal issues next year may be a place to converge
- RDA-CODATA legal interoperability group to host many of these discussions! Becoming more active!

### Thank you



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And #eirg for twitting during workshops